1	н. в. 3268
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3 4	(By Delegates Williams, Mahan, Marshall, Stowers, Iaquinta, D. Poling, Phillips, Manchin, Reynolds, Guthrie and Walters)
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6	(Originating in the Committee on Finance)
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8	[February 23, 2011]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$11-6B-2$ of the Code of West Virignia,
11	1931, as amended, and to reenact $$11-6B-4$ of said code, all$
12	relating to who may claim a homestead exemption for purposes
13	of ad valorem property taxes and providing that surviving
14	spouse of a claimant must refile to retain the homestead
15	exemption after the death of a claimant.
16	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
17	That §11-6B-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
18	be amended and reenacted; and that \$11-6B-4 of said code be amended
19	and reenacted, all to read as follows:
20	CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.
21	ARTICLE 6B. HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION.
22	§11-6B-2. Definitions.
23	For purposes of this article, the term:
24	(1) "Assessed value" means the value of property as determined
25	under article three of this chapter.
26	(2) "Claimant" means a person who is age sixty-five or older
27	or who is certified as being permanently and totally disabled, and
28	who owns a homestead that is used and occupied by the owner thereof

- 1 exclusively for residential purposes: Provided, That: (1) If the 2 property was most recently used and occupied by the owner or the 3 owner's spouse thereof exclusively for residential purposes; (2) the 4 owner, as a result of illness, accident or infirmity, is residing 5 with a family member or is a resident of a nursing home, personal 6 care home, rehabilitation center or similar facility; and (3) the 7 property is retained by the owner for noncommercial purposes, then 8 the owner of that property may continue to claim a homestead 9 property tax exemption on the property: Provided, however, That 10 if the property was most recently used exclusively for residential 11 purposes and occupied by the owner or the owner's spouse as joint 12 tenants with rights of survivorship, and the claimant dies, leaving 13 the surviving spouse who is not sixty-five years of age or 14 permanently and totally disabled with rightful ownership, the 15 surviving spouse may retain the homestead exemption as the claimant 16 so long as the spouse occupies the property as his or her residence 17 and the property is exclusively used for residential purposes.
- 18 (3) "Family member" means a person who is related by common 19 ancestry, adoption or marriage including, but not limited to, 20 persons related by lineal and collateral consanguinity.
- 21 (4) "Homestead" means a single family residential house, 22 including a mobile or manufactured or modular home, and the land 23 surrounding such structure; or a mobile or manufactured or modular 24 home regardless of whether the land upon which such mobile or 25 manufactured or modular home is situated is owned or leased.
- 26 (5) "Owner" means the person who is possessed of the 27 homestead, whether in fee or for life. A person seized or entitled 28 in fee subject to a mortgage or deed of trust shall be considered

- 1 the owner. A person who has an equitable estate of freehold, or is
- 2 a purchaser of a freehold estate who is in possession before
- 3 transfer of legal title shall also be considered the owner.
- 4 Personal property mortgaged or pledged shall, for the purpose of
- 5 taxation, be considered the property of the party in possession.
- 6 (6) "Permanently and totally disabled" means a person who is
- 7 unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of
- 8 any medically determinable physical or mental condition which can
- 9 be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be
- 10 expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve
- 11 months.
- 12 (7) "Sixty-five years of age or older" includes a person who
- 13 attains the age of sixty-five on or before June 30 following the
- 14 July first assessment day.
- 15 (8) "Used and occupied exclusively for residential purposes"
- 16 means that the property is used as an abode, dwelling or habitat
- 17 for more than six consecutive months of the calendar year prior to
- 18 the date of application by the owner thereof; and that the property
- 19 is used only as an abode, dwelling or habitat to the exclusion of
- 20 any commercial use: Provided, That failure to satisfy this six-
- 21 month period shall not prevent allowance of a homestead exemption
- 22 to a former resident in accordance with section three of this
- 23 article.
- 24 (9) "Tax year" means the calendar year following the July
- 25 first assessment day.
- 26 (10) "Resident of this state" means an individual who is
- 27 domiciled in this state for more than six months of the calendar
- 28 year.

1 §11-6B-4. Claim for exemption; renewals; waiver of exemption.

(a) General. -- No exemption shall be allowed under this 3 article unless a claim of exemption is filed with the assessor of 4 the county in which the homestead is located, on or before December 5 1, following the July first 1 assessment day. In the case of 6 sickness, absence or other disability of the claimant, the claim 7 may be filed by the claimant or his or her duly authorized agent. (b) Claims for disability exemption. -- Each claim for 9 exemption based on the owner being permanently and totally disabled 10 shall include one of the following forms of documentation in 11 support of said claim: (1) A written certification by a doctor of 12 medicine or doctor of osteopathy licensed to practice their 13 particular profession in this state that the claimant 14 permanently and totally disabled; (2) a written certification by 15 the social security administration that the claimant is currently 16 receiving benefits for permanent and total disability; (3) a copy 17 of the letter from the social security administration originally 18 awarding benefits to the claimant for permanent and total 19 disability and a copy of a current check for such benefits, marked 20 void; (4) a current social security health insurance (Medicare) 21 card in the name of the claimant and a copy of a current check to 22 the claimant, marked void, for benefits from the social security 23 administration for permanent and total disability; (5) a written 24 certification signed by the veterans administration certifying that 25 a person is totally and permanently disabled; (6) any lawfully 26 recognized workers' compensation documentation certifying that a 27 person is totally and permanently disabled; (7) any lawfully 28 recognized pneumoconiosis documentation certifying that a person is

- 1 totally and permanently disabled; or (8) any other lawfully 2 recognized documentation certifying that a person is totally and 3 permanently disabled.
- 4 (c) Renewals.
- 5 (1) Senior citizens. -- If the claimant is age sixty-five or 6 older, then after the claimant has filed for the exemption once 7 with his or her assessor, there shall be no need for that claimant 8 to refile unless the claimant moves to a new homestead.
- 9 (2) Disabled. -- If the claimant is permanently and totally 10 disabled, then after the claimant has filed for the exemption once 11 with his or her assessor, and signed a statement certifying that he 12 or she will notify the assessor if he or she is no longer eligible 13 for an exemption on the basis of being permanently and totally 14 disabled and that the claimant will notify the assessor within 15 thirty days of the discontinuance of the receipt of benefits for 16 permanent and total disability, if the claimant originally claimed 17 receipt of said benefits to document his or her claim for 18 exemption, there shall be no need for that claimant to refile, 19 unless the claimant moves to a new homestead.
- 20 (3) Waiver of exemption. -- Any person not filing his or her 21 claim for exemption on or before December 1, shall be determined to 22 have waived his or her right to exemption for the next tax year.
- (4) Residential care exception. -- For purposes of this 24 section, an otherwise qualified claimant who, as a result of 25 illness, accident or infirmity, resides with a family member or is 26 a resident at a nursing home, personal care home, rehabilitation 27 center or similar facility is not considered to have moved to a new 28 homestead.

1 (5) Death of claimant with a surviving spouse -- For purposes 2 of this section, if the property is owned by a husband and wife as 3 joint tenants with the right of survivorship and the claimant dies 4 leaving a spouse who is under sixty-five years of age and not 5 totally and permanently disabled, the surviving spouse is entitled 6 to retain the exemption from ad valorem property taxation provided 7 in section three of this article for as long as such surviving 8 spouse occupies the property as his or her residence and the 9 property is exclusively used for residential purposes. The 10 surviving spouse must refile, with a death certificate of the 11 claimant, for the exemption pursuant to the provisions of 12 subsection (a) in this section on or before December 1. When the 13 surviving spouse has filed for the exemption once with his or her 14 assessor, there shall be no need to refile as long as the homestead 15 is being used exclusively for residential purposes and the spouse 16 occupies the property as his or her residence.